### **Alien Tax Home Representation Form**

I have reviewed the attached tax home information for aliens and/or have consulted with my tax advisor and make the following good faith representation (please check  $\square$  the most appropriate box below):

(consistent with Form W-4,	110(1 :0: D0X) 13:				
I understand that I will be re home or alien status chang understand that as a <b>reside</b> Form 1040 and that my cor Security and Medicare taxe will be withheld from my co partial withholding will also taxes must be fully withheld	es in the interim, I ment alien my worldwinpensation will be suits. Further, as generompensation based up to required for my to	nust vide i ubje rally upon	notify the Co income is sub ct to full withh required by so the state of I	mpan oject to noldin otate to my as	y immediately. I also o U.S. income tax on g taxes including Social ax law, state income taxesignment. In some cases
☐ I qualify as a <b>nonresident</b> a					
presence in the U.S. as de (consistent with Form W-4,		man	ent tax home	in m	y country of origin
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C. 🗖	I am electing <b>nonresident alien</b> tax treatment even though I meet the substantial presence the green card test (see definitions). I meet the requirements for this election either because the "closer connection" rules or because of U.S. Tax Treaty provisions with my home country will complete this election on either IRS Form 8840 or Form 8833 with my year-end filing of IRS Form 1040NR. My permanent tax home in my country of origin (consistent with Form W not P.O. Box) is:					
	I understand that I will only be taxed on my L Federal and state tax will be consistent with Company in advance of a change in this stat	that described in <b>B</b> above. I will advise the				
D. 🗖	I am a resident alien without a permanent tax home in the U.S.					
	of my country of origin), that my temporary lo my tax home for U.S. income tax purposes. I all travel-related expenses paid to me or prhousing, meals, and transportation costs will to applicable withholding taxes. The only state of the control of	ite, if any. I understand I may need to complete				
Print	Name	Social Security Number				
Signa	ature	Date				

### Resident Alien U.S. Tax Home Status Worksheet

This worksheet is provided to assist you in determining whether you have a permanent U.S. tax home as defined by the IRS in Revenue Ruling 73-529, and therefore determine the tax status of the travel costs and/or allowances provided you or paid on your behalf while on assignment. Because of the critical nature of this determination, **we encourage you to consult with a tax advisor**. This worksheet is for your personal use and should not be returned to the Company.

YES 🗆 🗖 NO	1. Do you perform a portion of your business or work in the vicinity of your permanent tax home? Many travelers will not meet this requirement, as they do not have regular work or business in the tax home area.
YES 🗖 🗖 NO	2. Are you duplicating living expenses (mortgage, rent, utilities, etc.) to maintain the permanent tax home while away from home on assignment? Limited IRS guidance provided, but as a minimum the duplicate expenses to maintain the tax home should exceed \$250 per month.
YES 🗖 🗖 NO	<ul> <li>3. Do you meet one or more of the following criteria regarding your permanent tax home:</li> <li>a. Have a member of your family (spouse, child, or parent) residing with you in the permanent tax home?  YES  NO  D. Use the permanent tax home frequently for lodging? Limited IRS guidance provided, but return home stays should be frequent and should accumulate to at least 10 percent of the total days over either a one- or two-year period?  YES  NO  C. The permanent tax home represents a historical place of lodging? This means the tax home vicinity is where you grew up, went to college, or have recent and long-term ties to the community?  YES  NO</li> </ul>

If you responded YES to all three questions above, then you have a permanent tax home and should check **Box A** on the Alien Tax Home Representation Form.

If you responded NO to two or more of the three questions above, then you do not have a permanent tax home and must check **Box D** on the Alien Tax Home Representation Form.

If you responded YES to two of the three questions, then you must consider the following potential "facts and circumstances" attributes to determine whether you have a permanent tax home. All questions do not necessarily require a YES answer to secure a favorable result, but certainly the majority should have a YES response, and the first four questions are of particular importance.

YES □ □ NO	Is the tax home address your address of record and for your income tax returns?
YES 🗆 🗆 NO	Do you have telephone service at the tax home or is it your primary mailing address?
YES 🗆 🗆 NO	Are your auto license plates and driver's license registered with your tax home city?
YES 🗆 🗖 NO	• Is the tax home address the address of record for your professional license(s)?
YES □ □ NO	Is your banking relationship with a bank in your tax home vicinity?
YES □ □ NO	Are you registered to vote (and actually vote) at your tax home precinct?
YES □ □ NO	Do you have church, club, or other associations in your tax home vicinity?

## Tax Home Status Addendum for Resident and Nonresident Aliens

#### **Tax Home Requirements**

A **resident alien** must have a U.S. permanent tax home at other than the work site location to obtain tax-free treatment on their traveling expenses.

A **nonresident alien** may have their tax home in their home country qualify as their permanent tax home for determining the U.S. tax treatment of traveling expenses. However, once they have been in the U.S. for more than the specially calculated 183 days (as defined below), they will become, by definition, a resident alien and will lose this favorable travel expense treatment unless they have established a U.S. permanent tax home at other than the work site.

#### **Definitions**

#### **Resident Alien:**

An individual who is not a U.S. citizen or U.S. national who meets either the **green card test** or the **substantial presence test** for the calendar year.

#### **Green Card Test**

An alien is a U.S. resident if the individual is a lawful permanent resident as provided for in their visa.

#### **Substantial Presence Test**

An alien is considered a resident in the calendar year if they are physically present in the U.S. at least 31 days in the current calendar year **and** physically present for at least 183 days in a special counting of days in the current and preceding two calendar years. For the special counting, all days of the current year are counted, one-third of the immediately preceding year days are counted and one-sixth of the second preceding year days are counted.

#### Nonresident Alien:

An individual who is not a U.S. citizen or resident alien.

#### **U.S. National:**

An individual who owes allegiance to the United States, such as a native of American Samoa.

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## Resident and Nonresident Aliens— Basic U.S. Federal and State Tax Treatment

#### **Resident Aliens**

- 1. **Resident aliens** are treated similar to U.S. citizens regarding withholding tax and return compliance.
- 2. The biweekly pay withholding tax should approximate the final return liability depending upon the proper completion of Form W-4, *Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate*.
- 3. Residents must file an annual income tax return on the Form 1040 series (1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ) due April 15.
- 4. Residents are subject to U.S. tax on worldwide income. They will receive credit against the U.S. tax for taxes paid to other national jurisdictions to partially or fully eliminate a double tax.
- 5. Residents are subject to the 7.65 percent FICA (Social Security and Medicare) tax. Canadians will receive service time and credit towards their Canadian Social Security.
- 6. Residents are subject to state income tax (if applicable) in the state of the assignment work site on the taxable compensation earned on that assignment. Annual state returns are generally due April 15.
- 7. If the resident has a permanent U.S. tax home, then all taxable income is subject to tax in the tax home state and tax credits are generally available for taxes paid to other state jurisdictions (work site states) to partially or fully offset a double state tax.
- 8. If the resident has no permanent U.S. tax home, then the provided temporary assignment lodging becomes the tax home and all income earned during the assignment stay is taxable to that state.

#### **Nonresident Aliens**

- 1. **Nonresident aliens** are only subject to federal and state tax on income sourced in the U.S. (taxable compensation from the Company and other employers for work performed in the U.S.).
- 2. Generally, nonresidents will be taxed on their worldwide income in their tax home country and U.S. federal taxes paid can be claimed as credits against the tax of their home country.
- 3. Annual returns filed on Form 1040NR are due April 15.
- 4. The payroll withholding tax should approximate the final return liability depending upon the proper completion of Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate.
- 5. Special W-4 instructions dictate that **nonresident aliens** and U.S. Nationals must claim "Single" on line 3. Foreigners other than Canadians, Mexicans, South Koreans, and U.S. Nationals may only claim one exemption on line 5. These limitations serve to increase the U.S. federal tax withholding to be consistent with the Form 1040NR tax liability.
- 6. Nonresidents are subject to the 7.65 percent FICA (Social Security and Medicare) withholding tax. Canadians will receive service time and credit towards their Canadian Social Security.
- 7. Nonresidents are subject to state income tax (if applicable) in the state of the assignment work site on the taxable compensation earned on that assignment. Annual state income returns are generally due April 15.
- 8. If married and certain other conditions are met, nonresident aliens may elect resident status and file Federal Form 1040.
- 9. Aliens may qualify as nonresidents part of the year and residents the remainder. See the instructions to Form 1040NR to determine the income tax filings in this event.

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### Resident and Nonresident Aliens— Useful Tax Forms and Publications

Form W-7 Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number

Form to secure a U.S. taxpayer identification number for resident and nonresident aliens in the U.S. on temporary visas. If lawfully admitted as a permanent resident a social security number should be secured by

submitting Form SS-5.

Form SS-5 Application for a Social Security Card

Form to secure a social security number for all U.S. citizens, U.S. nationals

or residents in the U.S. on a permanent visa.

Form 1040NR U.S. Nonresident Alien Income Tax Return

Annual income tax return due April 15. Required to be filed by all nonresident aliens. The return due date may be automatically extended until October 15

by timely filing Form 4868.

Form 1040 U.S. Individual Income Tax Return

Annual income tax return due April 15. Required to be filed by all U.S. citizens, U.S. nationals, and resident aliens. The return due date may be

automatically extended until October 15 by timely filing Form 4868.

Form 8840 Closer Connection Exception Statement for Aliens

Form required to be attached to Form 1040NR to claim exception to the

substantial presence test in determining your residency.

Form 8833 Treaty-Based Return Position Disclosure Under Section 6114 or 7701(b)

Form required to be attached to tax return when claiming a treaty-based

return position.

Publication 515 Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities

Information on U.S. tax withholding on foreigners, primarily for withholding

agents (59 pages).

Publication 519 U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens

Basic information for aliens with income from U.S. sources (73 Pages).

Publication 597 Information on the United States—Canada Income Tax Treaty

Basic information on the tax treaty provisions. Publication is written for U.S. citizens working in Canada, but similar rules apply for Canadians working in

the U.S. (4 pages).

Notice 1392 Supplemental Form W-4 Instructions for Nonresident Aliens

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